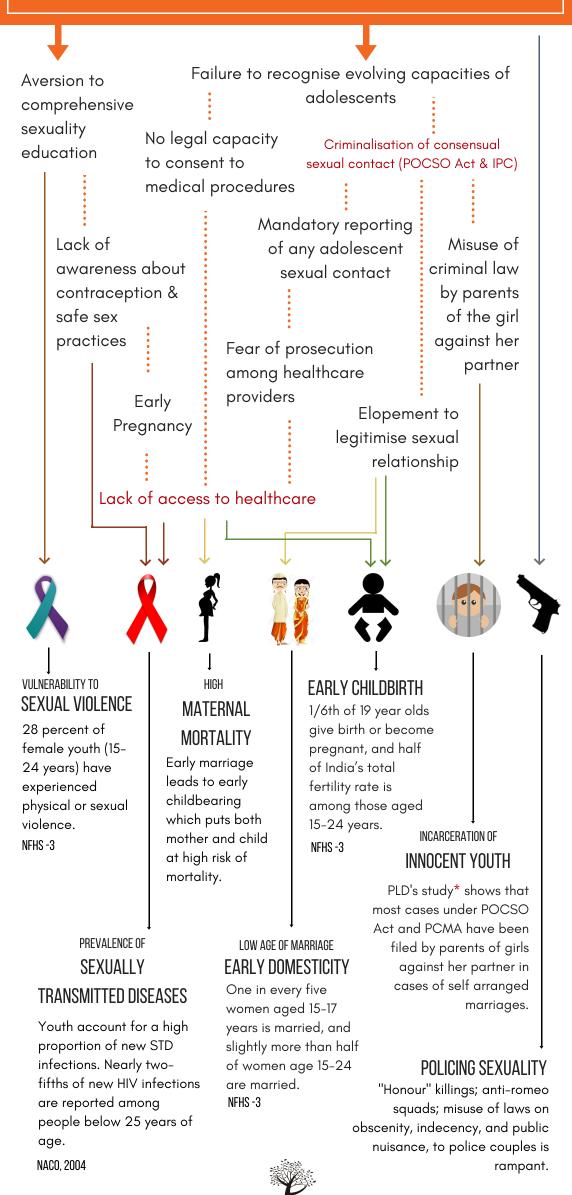
#### WHAT HAPPENS WHEN WE

# **STIGMATISE ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY**



Partners for Law in Development

# PLD'S STUDY ON ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY, EARLY MARRIAGE, AND THE LAW

PLD's study on Mapping Vulnerabilities of Youth in Relation to Sexuality, Early Marriage and the Law seeks to explore the ways in which the law enables policing of girls' sexualities and their exercise of choice in partners.

This study is being undertaken in context of the evolving legal framework on adolescent sexuality, development and rights protection. This framework is fraught due to the increase in age of consent for girls from 16 to 18 years, in the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act (POCSO) and the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013 (to the Indian Penal Code 1860).

On the one hand, the law protects the rights of girl children through a prohibition on child marriages. On the other hand, it criminalizes consensual sexual activity between adolescents, consequently alienating access to counseling for girls while permitting parental/community control and policing of sexual expression. This policing tends to be exacerbated for consensual activity beyond the sanctioned caste- and communal- groups particularly, making the law a tool in policing boundaries in an already stratified society.

Through an analysis of case law from courts in Delhi, Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan, Madras, Karnataka, and Gujarat, the study seeks to investigate the ways in which the law is enhancing the vulnerabilities of young adults in relation to access to and realization of sexual and reproductive health and rights.

It is directed towards recommendations for law reform that provides a framework more affirming of positive sexuality, and one which contributes to building leadership and autonomy of girls.

The final report of the study is forthcoming.

#### ABOUT US

Partners for Law in Development (PLD) is a non-profit legal resource organization founded in 1998, working in the field of social justice and women's rights in India. We work towards advancing women's rights in contexts of sexuality, culture, caste, conflict, poverty and development, through three primary strategies- capacity development, knowledge production and policy advocacy.



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# **ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY IN INDIA**

## PROTECTION OF CHILDREN FROM SEXUAL OFFENCES ACT, 2012

Criminalises consensual adolescent sex

# MEDICAL TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY ACT, 1971

Criminalises an adult male for marrying any girl below the age of 18, irrespective of her consent Criminalises consensual sex Mandates reporting of any sexual contact involving a child

#### INDIAN PENAL CODE, 1860

Makes guardian's consent mandatory for abortion

PROHIBITION OF CHILD Marriage Act, 2006

# SOME FINDINGS FROM PLD'S STUDY ON THE USE OF POCSO AND PCMA\*

## IN WHAT KIND OF CASES ARE These laws being invoked?

Need to legitimise sexual relationship; Escape from mental and physical violence in family of origin; Inevitability of marriage; lack of alternative lifestyle options

# WHO IS INVOKING THESE LAWS Against couples in Self Arranged Marriages?

Parents seek to punish the girl's partner, and nullify her marriage

Most cases involve consensual sexual contact in self arranged relationships/ marriages

# WHY ARE YOUNG COUPLES Eloping to Marry?

Parents and relatives of girls in self arranged marriages primary complainants; Few cases filed by girls in forced marriages

# FOR WHAT PURPOSE ARE THESE LAWS BEING INVOKED?



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